## COMM.SYS.450 Multicarrier and Multiantenna Techniques, 5 cr Exam on Wednesday 11.05.2022 / Prepared by Taneli Riihonen

Calculator or any material is not allowed.

You may answer in English or in Finnish.

1. [6 p] Explain briefly (2–3 sentences) what the concepts mean.

a) [1 p] in-band distortion

d) [1 p] diversity gain

b) [1 p] out-of-band emission

e) [1 p] multiplexing gain

c) [1 p] discrete multitone (DMT)

f) [1 p] Alamouti scheme

- 2. [6 p] (Essay) Explain the principles of common multicarrier techniques and compare their advantages and disadvantages to single-carrier transmission.
- 3. [6 p] Consider CP-OFDM transmission over a time- and frequency-selective channel.
  - a) [3 p] Assume bandwidth is 20 MHz, channel delay spread is 3  $\mu$ s at maximum, timing error is less than 1  $\mu$ s, and the design target is to have about 10% overhead due to the cyclic prefix. How would you choose the basic physical-layer OFDM parameters? Why?
  - b) [1 p] What prevents one from making the overhead due to the cyclic prefix vanishing by choosing the subcarrier spacing to be very narrow?
  - c) [2 p] Assume subcarrier spacing is 10 kHz and the cyclic prefix adds 10% overhead. How would you choose the time–frequency reference symbol grid efficiently if channel coherence time is 1 ms and coherence bandwidth is 200 kHz? Why?
- 4. [6 p] The signals,  $r_a$  and  $r_b$ , received through two antennas can be expressed for a certain multiantenna technique that transmits a single symbol,  $s_a$ , as follows:

$$r_a = h_1 w_1 s_a + n_a$$
  
 $r_b = h_2 w_2 s_a + n_b$ 

- a) [2 p] What kind of a multiantenna technique is this? What is its purpose?
- b) [2 p] How  $w_1$  and  $w_2$  are chosen to benefit from multiantenna operation?
- c) [2 p] What is the corresponding signal model for closed-loop transmit diversity?
- 5. [6 p] Mention two *different* modern standardized communication systems and explain in detail what/how multiantenna techniques are implemented therein.

Total maximum: 30 points.